

# A reneszánsztól a reformáció koráig – a topográfiai térképezés kialakulása

Klinghammer István  
Térképészeti Tudományos Nap  
2016. december 9.

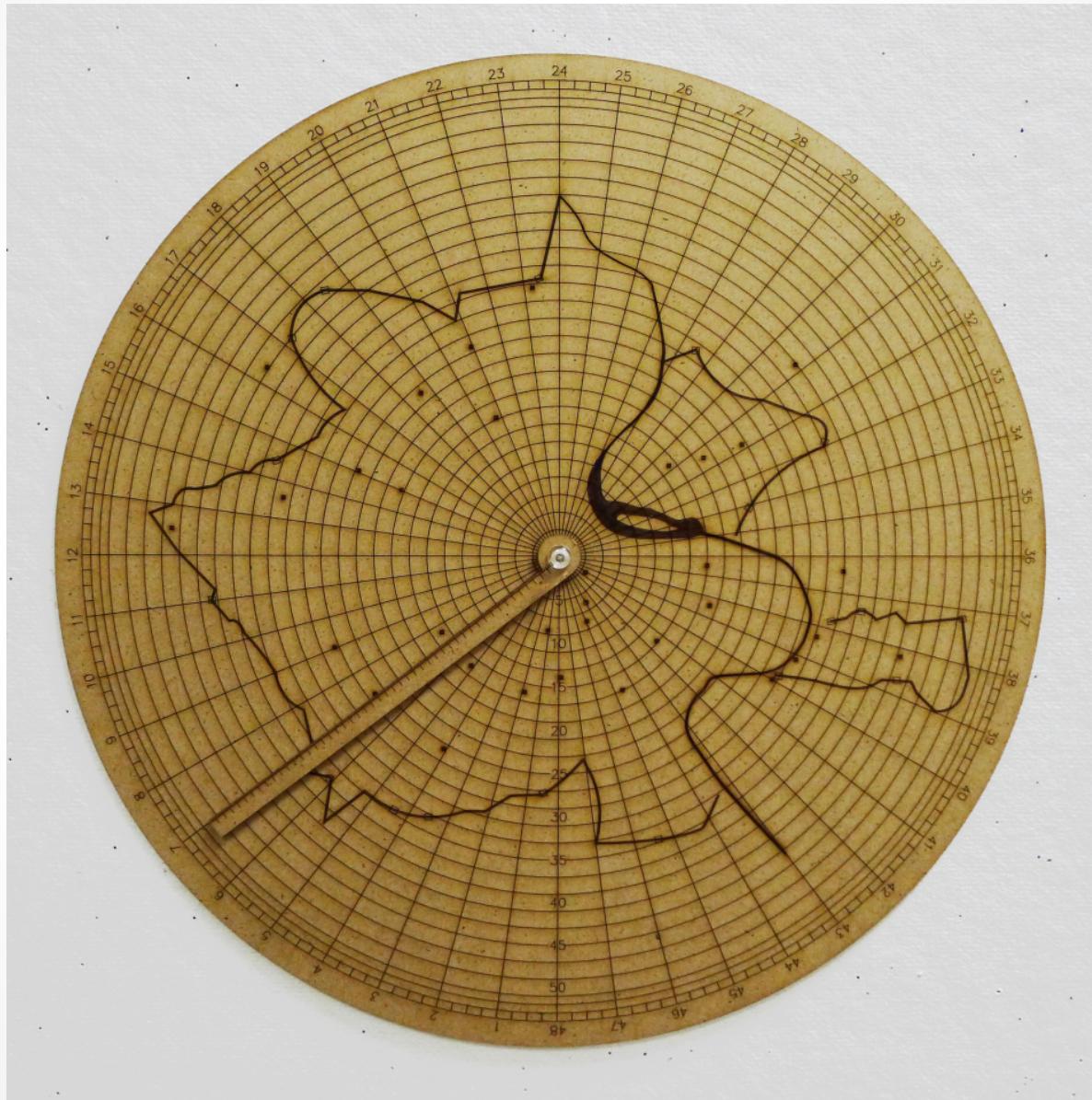
# Ptolemaiosz: Világterkép (1450-1475)



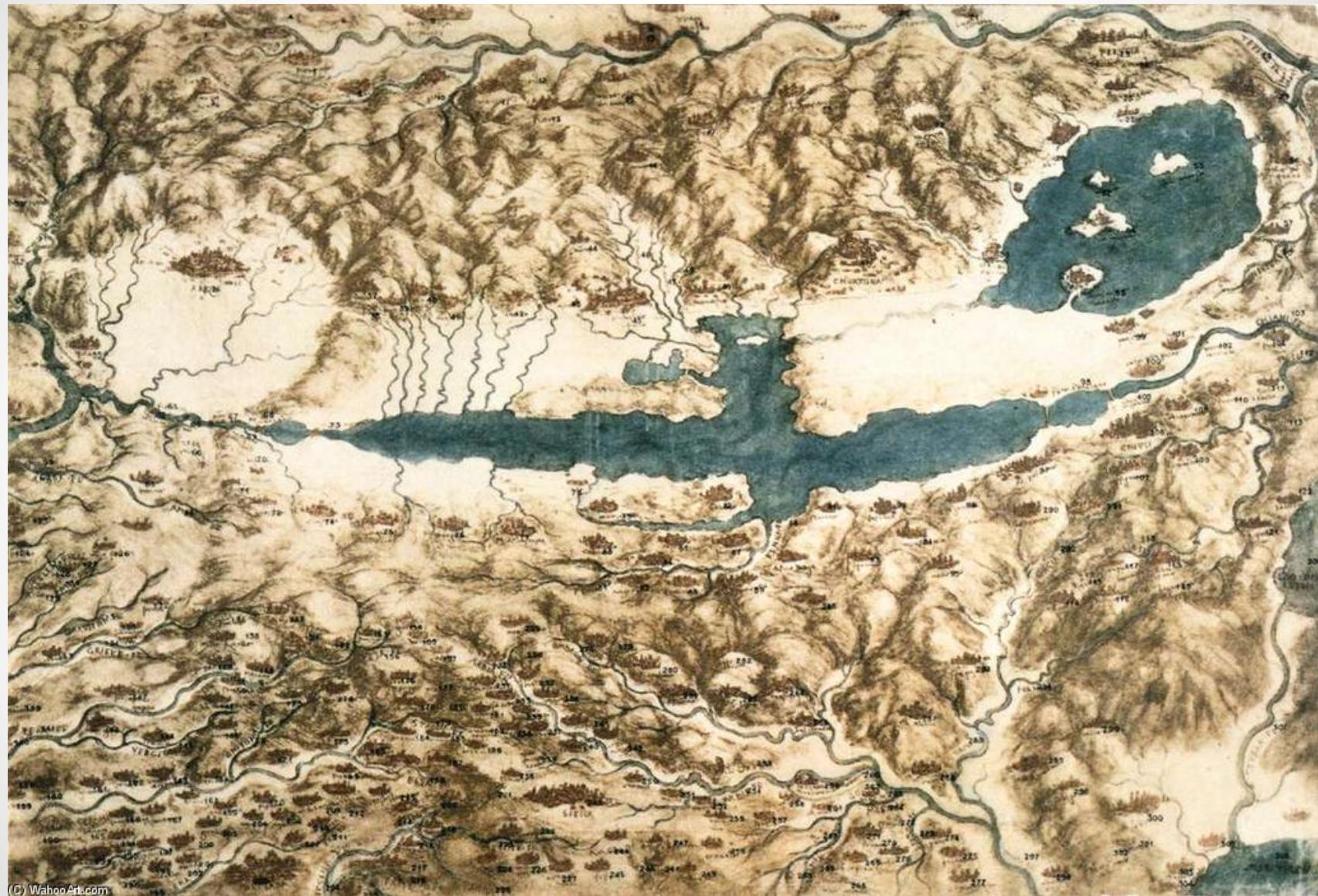
# Gerardus Mercator : Világterkép (1569)



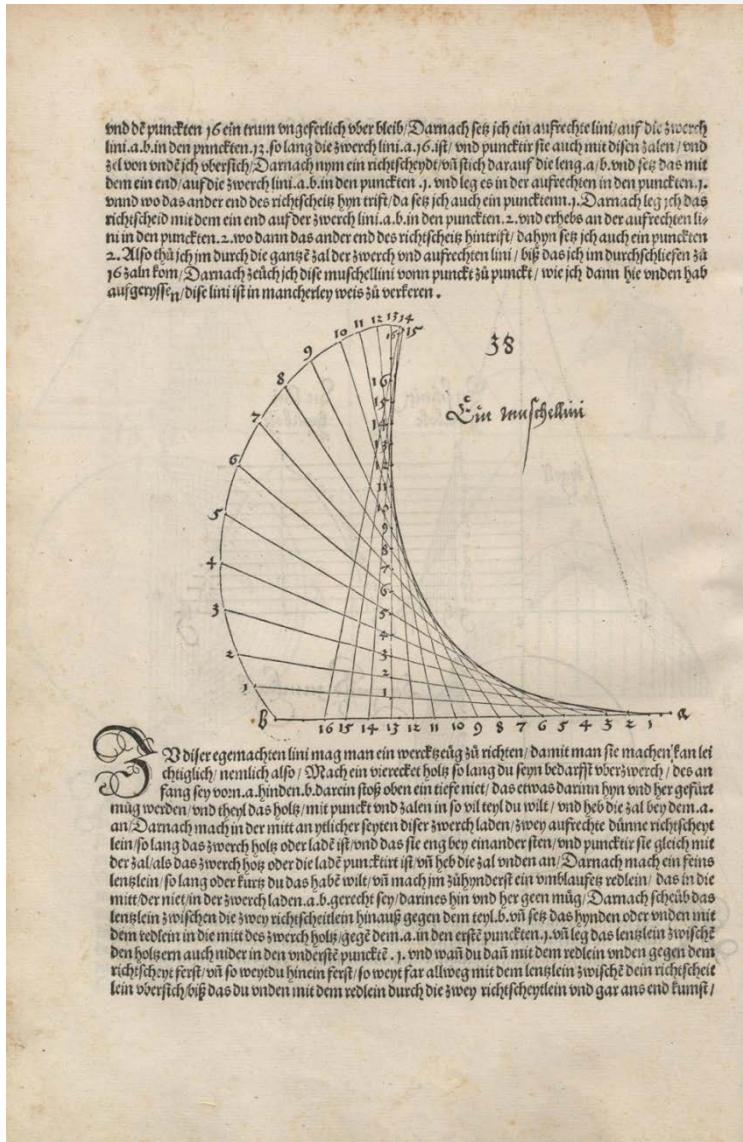
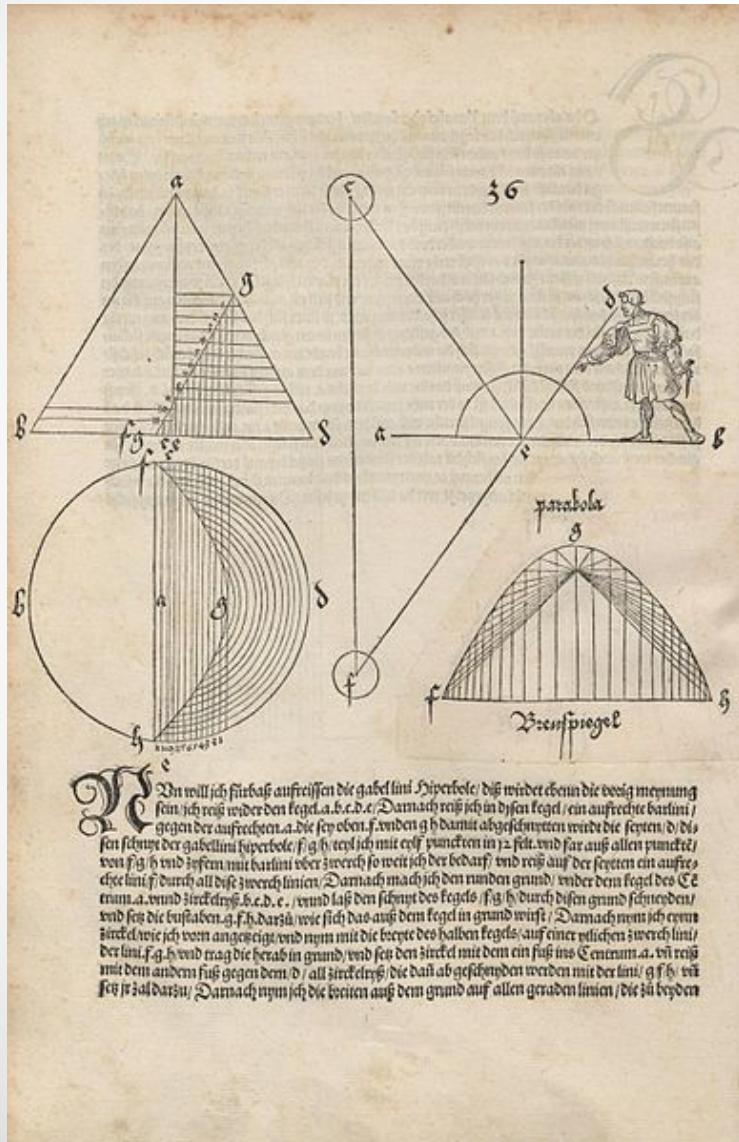
# Leon Battista Alberti: Descriptio urbis Romae (XV. század közepe)



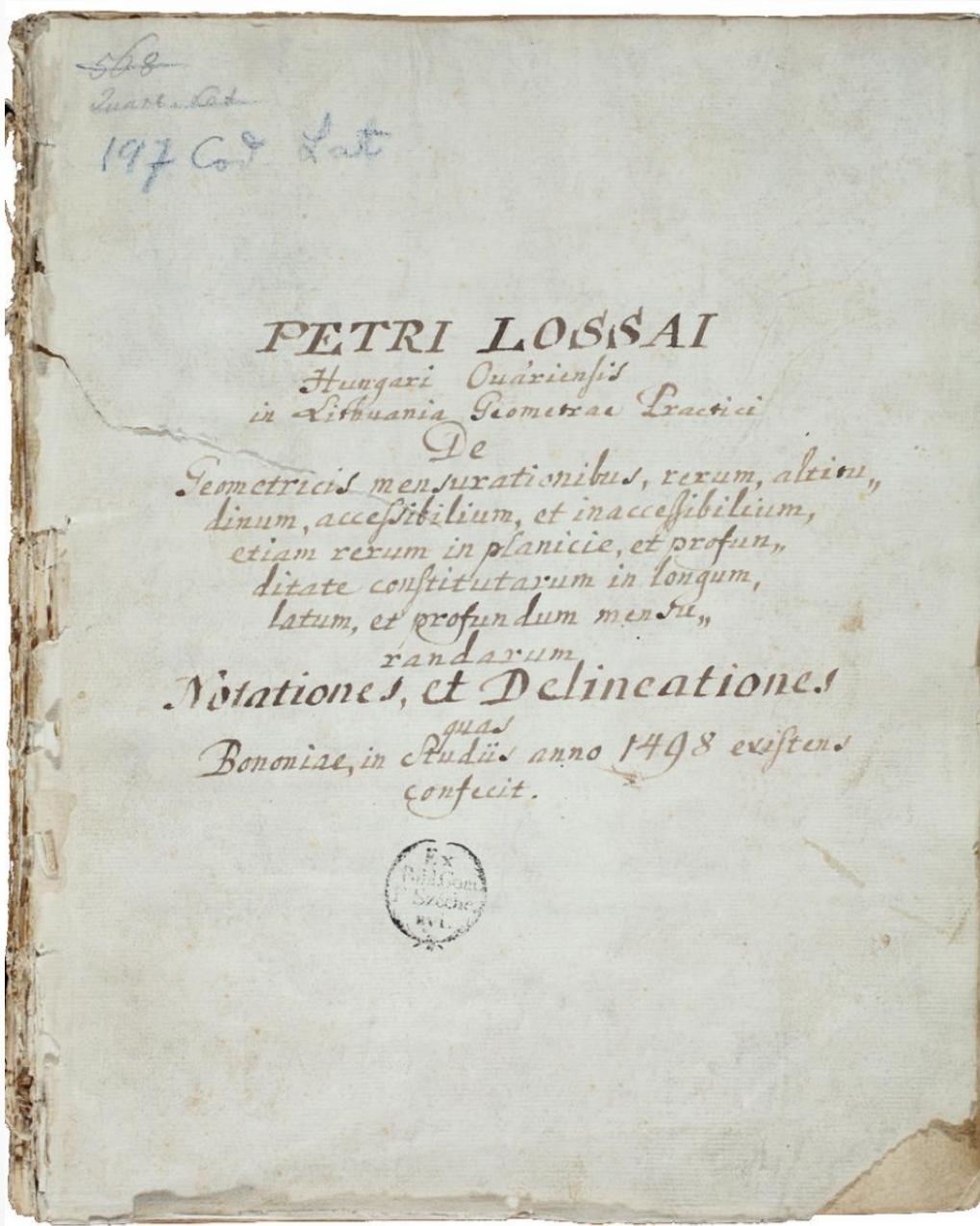
# Leonardo da Vinci: Toszkána és a Chiana-völgy térképe (1502)



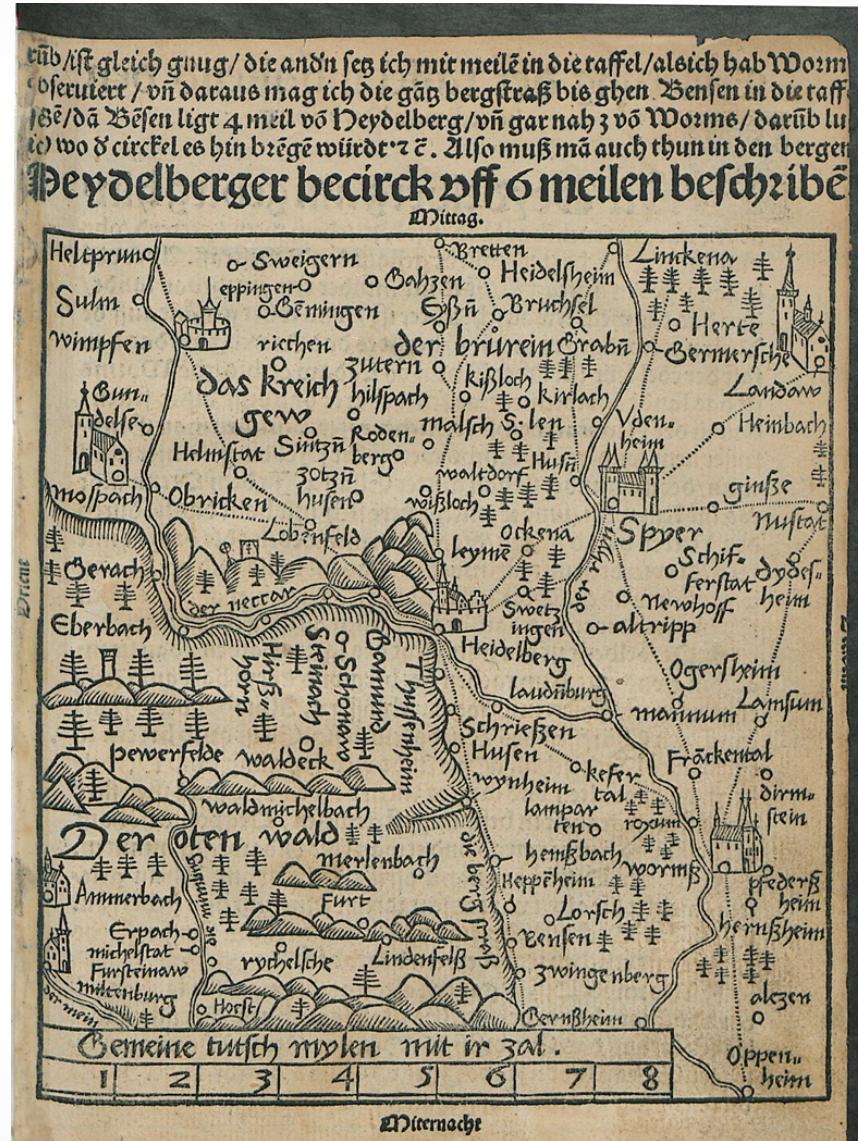
# Albrecht Dürer : Underweysung der Messung, mit dem Zirckel und Richtscheyt, in Linien, Ebnen und gan zen corporen (1525)



# Lossai Péter: *Notationes et Delineationes* (1498)

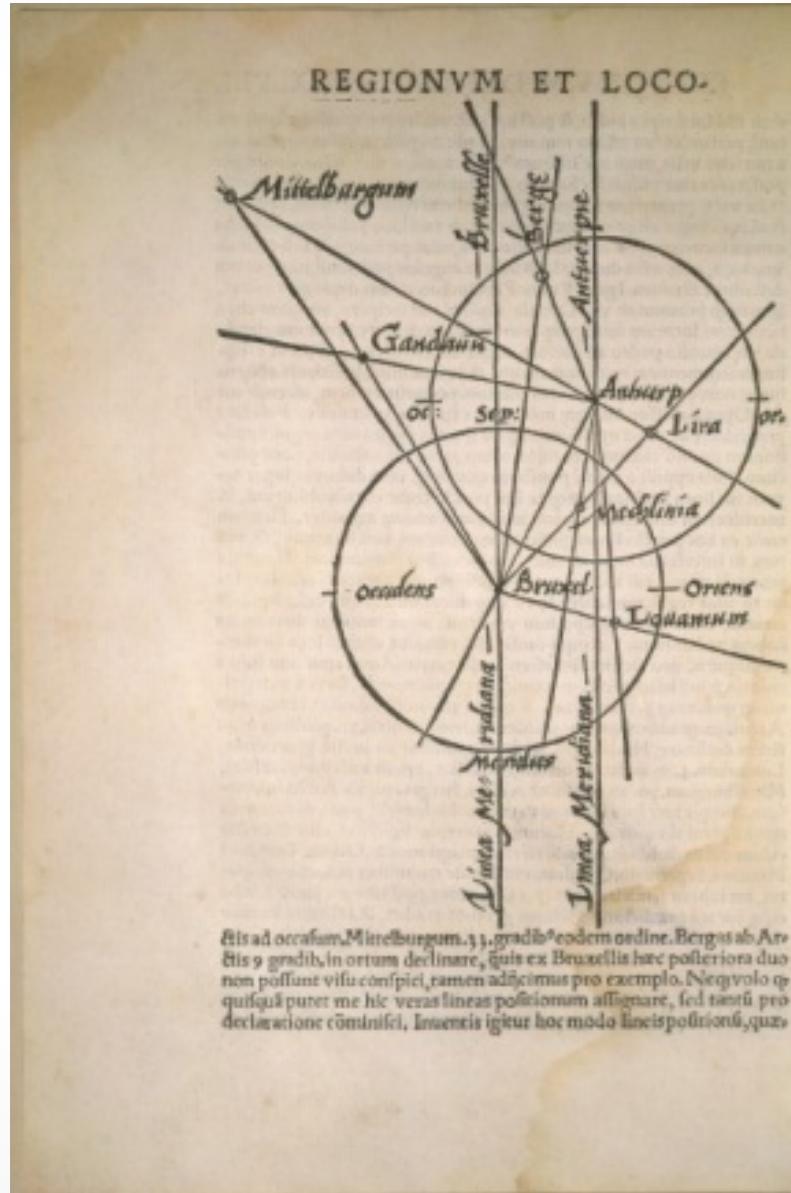


# Sebastian Münster: *Heydelberger becirck uff 6 meilen geschriben* (1528)

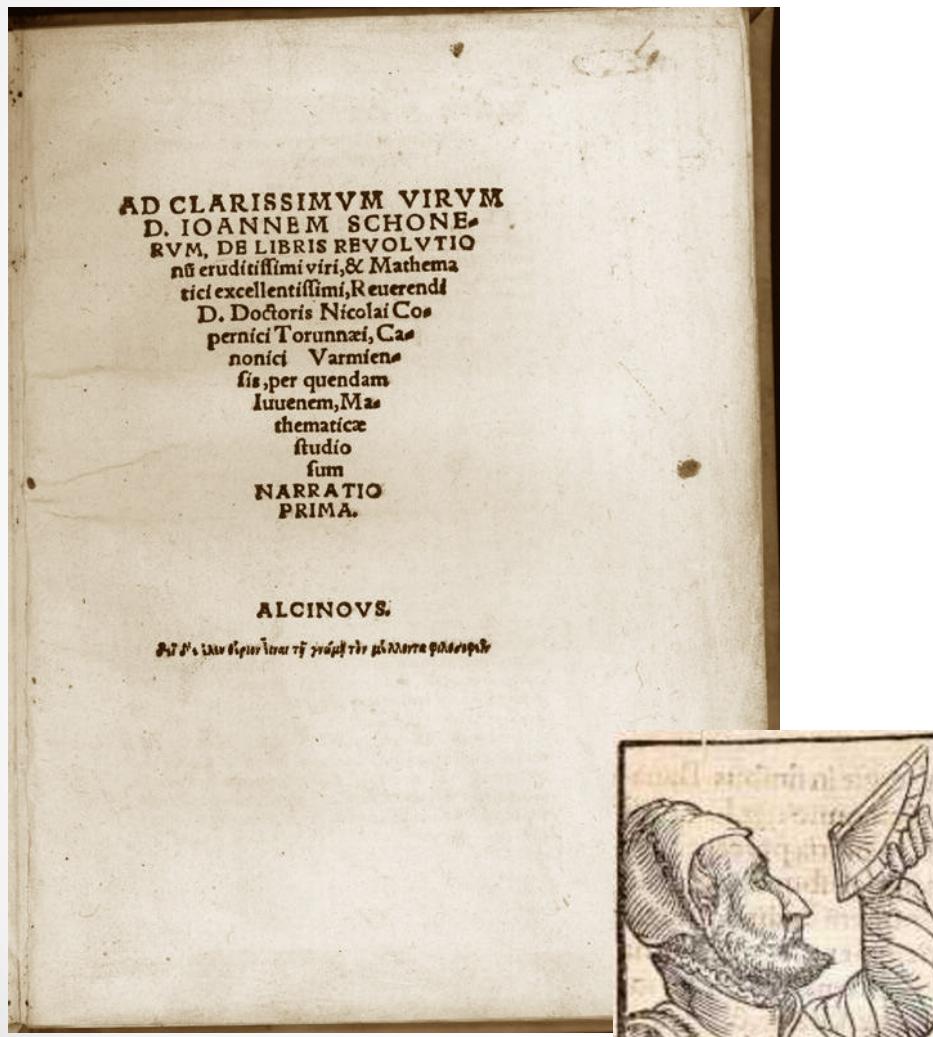


# Reinerus Gemma-Frisius: *Libellus de locorum describendorum ratione* (1533)

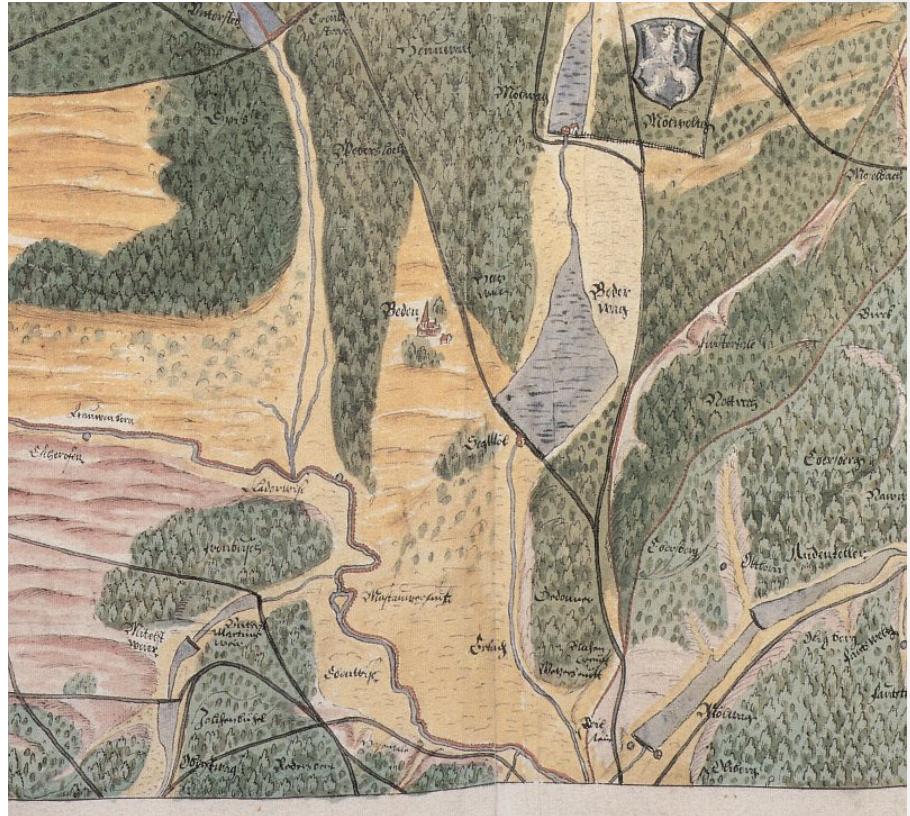
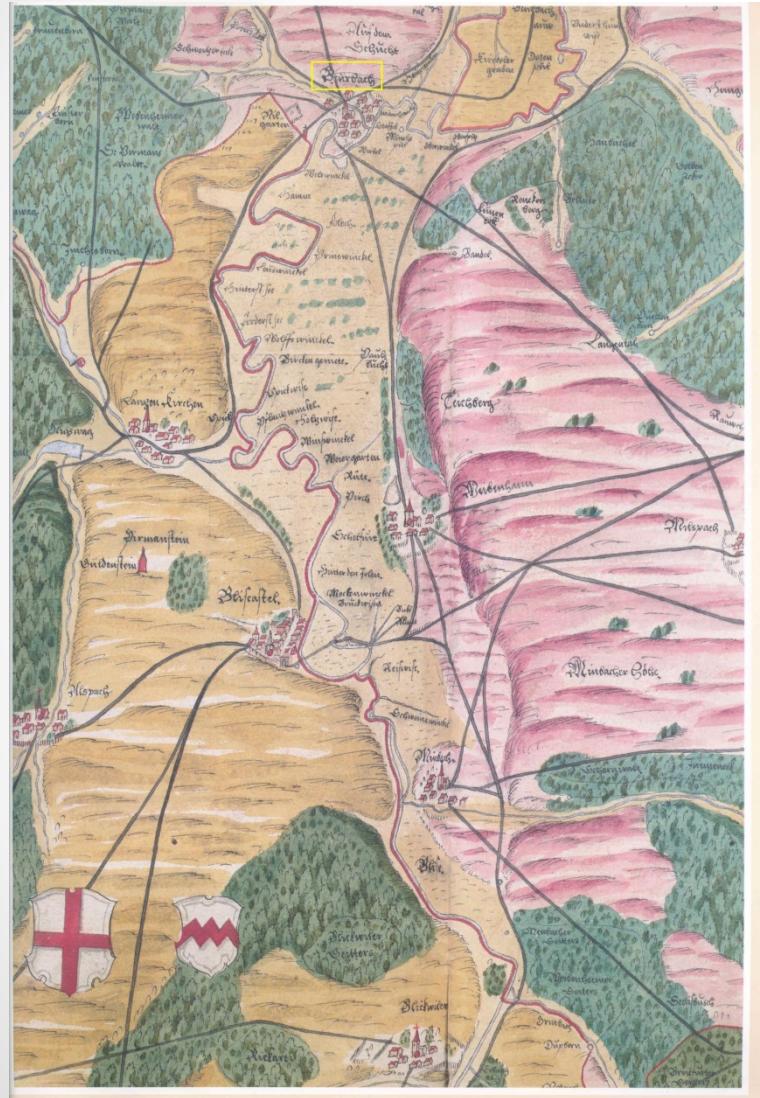
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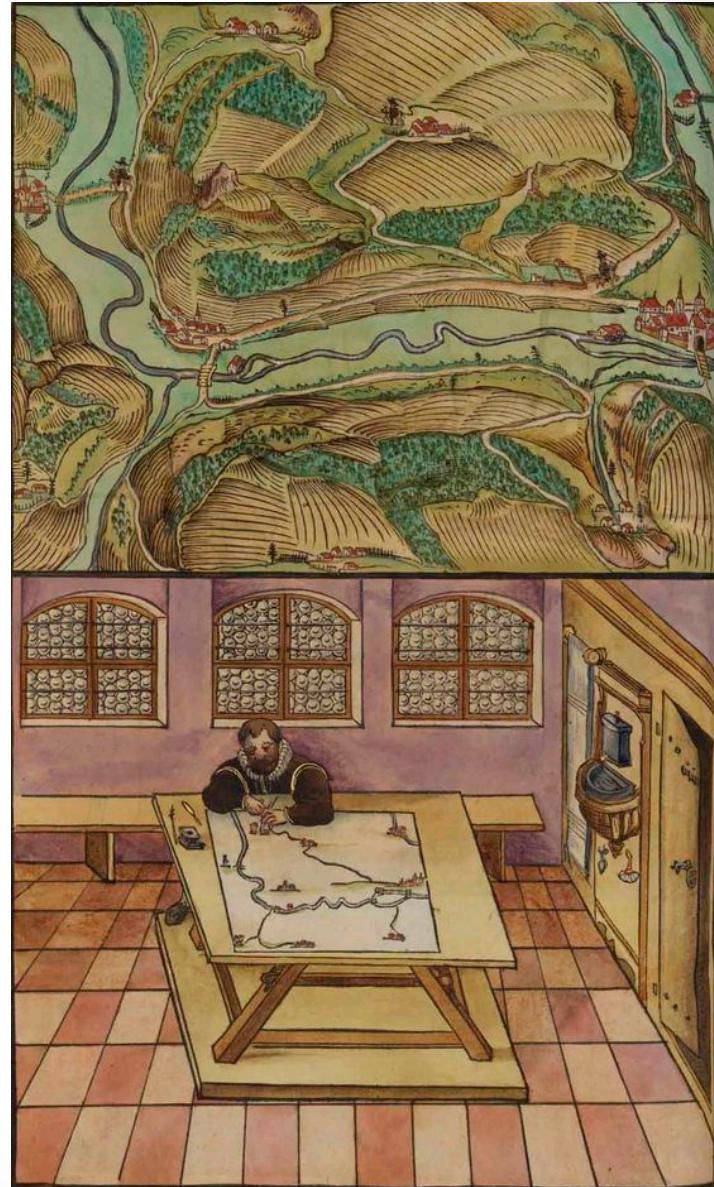
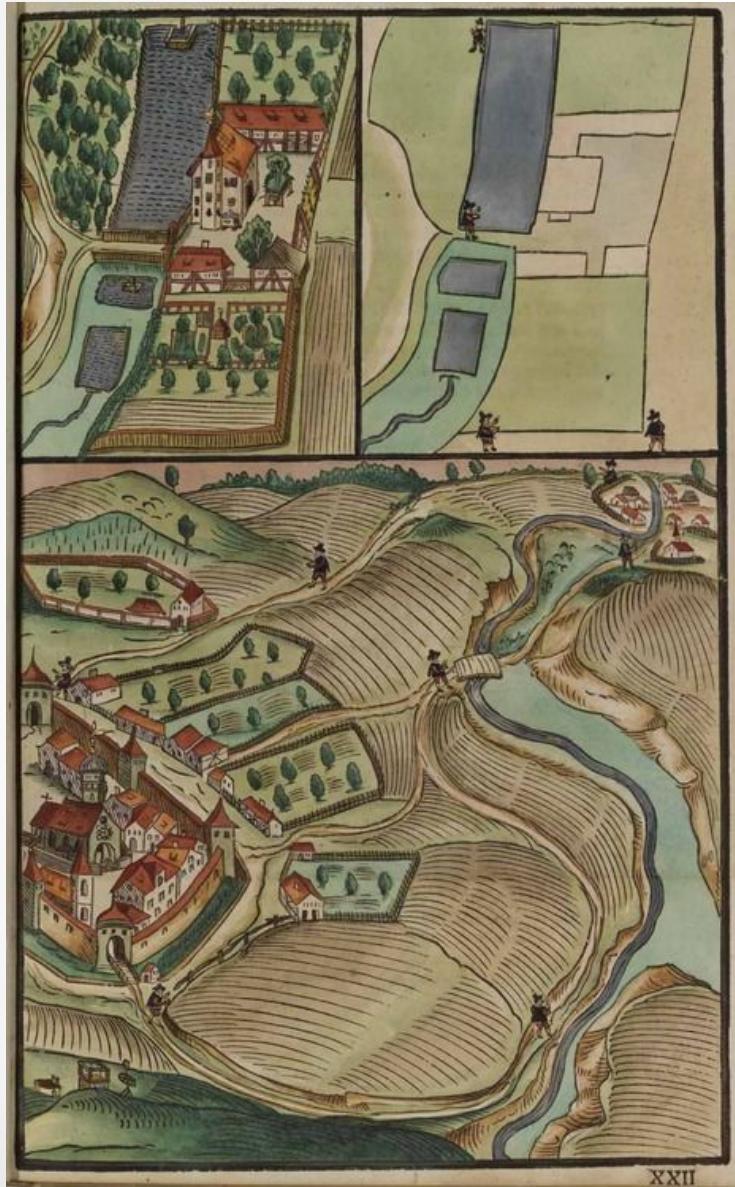
# Georg Joachim Rheticus: *Narratio prima de libris revolutionum Copernici* (1540), *Canon Doctrinae Triangulorum* (1551)



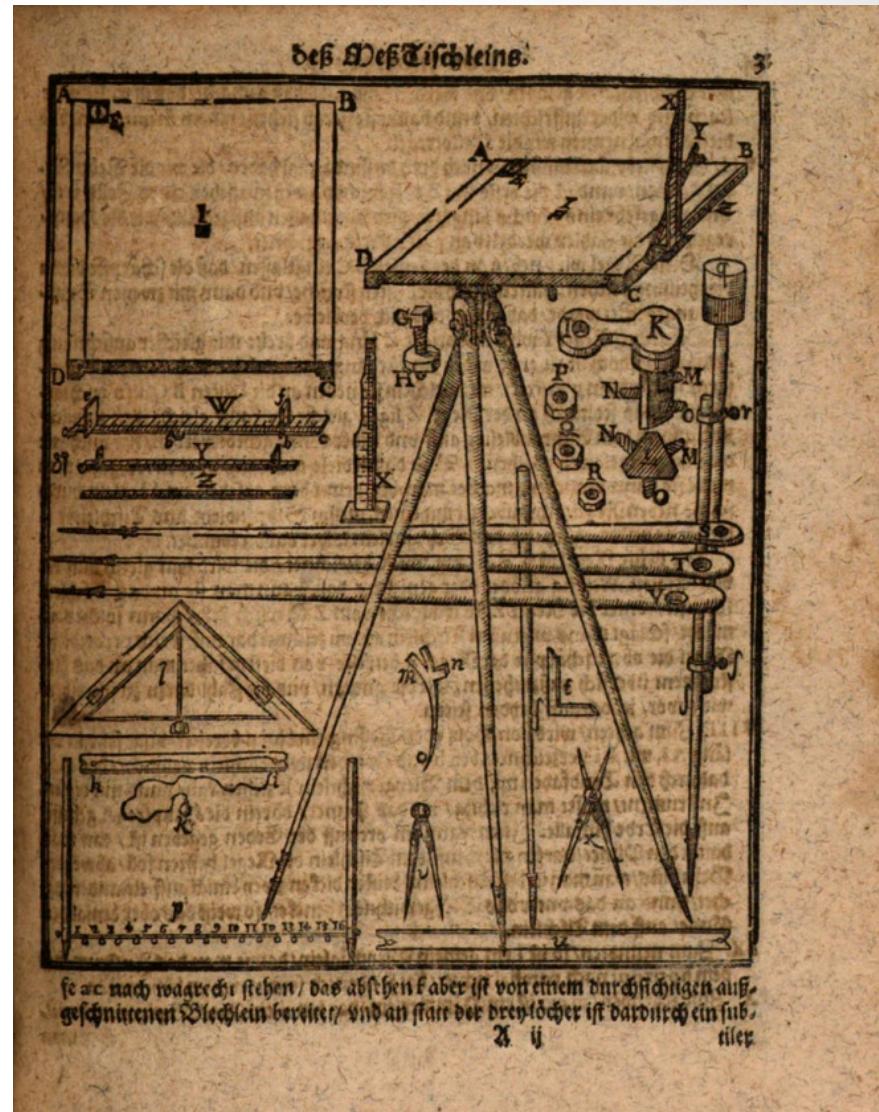
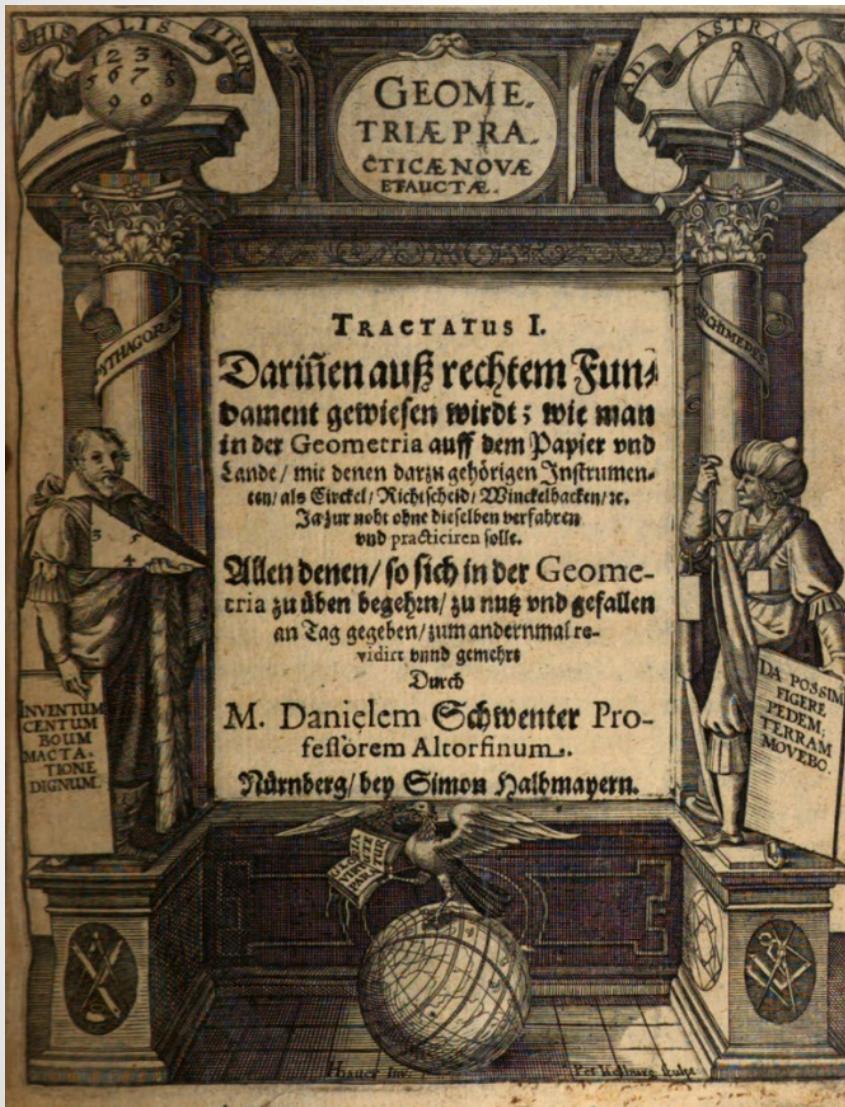
# Tilemann Stella: Landesaufnahme der Ämter Zweibrücken und Kirkel des Herzogtums Pfalz-Zweibrücken (1564)



# Paul Pfinzig: *Methodus geometria* (1598)



# Daniel Schwentner: *Geometriae practicae* (1618)



# Wilhelm Schickard : Kurtze Anweisung wie künstliche Land-Tafeln auss rechtem Grund zu machen... (1624)

